

FINANCIAL STATEMENT FOR THE QUARTER 1 JULY 2017 TO 30 SEPTEMBER 2017

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Management Commentary

The purpose of the management commentary is to inform readers, helping them to assess how the Council is performing and understand our financial performance for the quarter to 30 September 2017.

It also provides an insight into the expected financial performance for the remainder of the financial year 2017/18, the challenges we face and how we will address these challenges to provide stability, financially, thus allowing our citizens to have confidence that we can continue to provide the diverse portfolio of services on which they rely.

Background

During 2016/17, Aberdeen City Council became the first local authority in Scotland to be awarded a credit rating and subsequently secure funding towards its capital investment programme, by issuing bonds of £370 million on the London Stock Exchange (LSE).

The credit rating must be maintained over the term of the bonds with the credit rating agency conducting a review at least once every twelve months. The next review of the Council's credit rating has commenced and is due to report in November 2017.

The credit rating and LSE listing has brought a number of reporting and governance requirements on the Council which in turn has led to a move from monthly to quarterly financial reporting and a change in the focus and format of the reporting to provide a holistic view of the Council's financial position as would be expected by investors in an LSE listed organisation.

This is the second quarterly financial performance report for 2017/18, representing the next step in changing the way the Council reports, which not only meet the new requirements but also increases financial transparency for citizens of the City and beyond.

Our Financial Performance

• Performance in Quarter 2

In February 2017, the Council set its General Fund and Housing Revenue Account (HRA) revenue and capital budgets for the financial year 2017/18. Performance for the year is measured against these budgets with the projected full year position considered in a later section of this report. This section focuses on the actual financial results for the period 1 April to 30 September 2017, presented in the format of our Annual Accounts on pages 6 to 13.

The Expenditure and Funding Analysis provides details of the net expenditure or income position for each service based on actual transactions for the period and the statutory accounting adjustments processed to date.

1. Education and Children's Services is the largest service provider within Aberdeen City Council with responsibility for delivering key statutory and frontline services to children and young people, adults, families and communities of Aberdeen. This includes the delivery of early years, primary, secondary and special education, children's social work services and cultural services for all ages through the provision of libraries and museums.

At 52% against the full year budget, the services net expenditure for the year to date is in line with expectations. However, the Service is currently managing a number of cost pressures, including commissioning of fostering, out of authority placements for children and self directed support which may affect performance in future quarters. These are areas where decision making and control doesn't sit soley within the Service. A further pressure is the closure of the Art Gallery and Provost Skene House meaning a reduction in income received.

2. Communities, Housing and Infrastructure is responsible for a broad range of services to those who live, work, visit and invest in the City of Aberdeen, each day providing thousands of transactions such as school meals; waste collections; repairs to housing, roads, street lighting and other infrastructure; planning and building control applications; housing and homelessness applications and many more, maintaining standards within our streets and public open spaces, managing the Council's assets and providing facilities management to all of the Council's public buildings, schools and operational properties, providing protective services such as Environmental Health, Food Safety, Commercial Health and Safety, Public Analyst, Trading Standards and Community Safety and playing a major role in shaping the future of the City of Aberdeen via Planning and Sustainable Development and Economic Development services.

At 53% against the full year budget, the services net expenditure for the year to date is in line with expectations. However, the Service is currently managing pressures mainly in relation to potential income loss from the recharge of in house consultancy/design teams for work undertaken, housing support repairs, facilities costs and directorate staffing costs.

3. Integration Joint Board (IJB) / Adult Social Care is responsible for the provision of health and social care services to adults, with the expenditure incurred being on services which the IJB has directed the Council to deliver on its behalf such as the provision of care to the elderly and support to adults with support needs.

At 50% against the full year budget, net expenditure on these services for the year to date is in line with expectations. However, with demand led services there are invariably cost pressures which require to be managed and in particular there are pressures in relation to commissioned services, Kingsmead Nursing Home and services for those transitioning from children's services with support needs.

<u>4. Corporate Governance</u> is responsible for a number of front line services such as housing benefits, council tax and non domestic rates billing and collection and customer services. In addition it supports the Council through the provision of Finance, HR, Legal and IT services.

At 46% against the full year budget, the services net expenditure for the year to date is in line with expectations and like other services must manage any cost pressures which arise during the year.

<u>5. Office of the Chief Executive</u> is a relatively small service which includes the head of paid service (Chief Executive) as well as the provision of communications and promotions services for the Council.

At 65% against the full year budget, the services net expenditure for the year to date is currently ahead of expectations due to election expenditure earlier in the year. There are no major cost pressures facing the service at this time.

<u>6. Corporate and Miscellaneous</u> includes the cost of councillors, contingencies, funding to Grampian Valuation Joint Board and the repayment of capital debt.

Against the full year budget, net expenditure for the year to date is well ahead of expectations due to full year repayment of capital debt having been charged. There are no major variances expected against budget for these areas.

7. Housing Revenue Account is responsible for the provision of council housing to over 20,000 households with the most significant areas of expenditure being on repairs and maintenance and the servicing of debt incurred to fund capital investment in the housing stock. This is a ring fenced account such that its costs must be met by rental income which at this stage in the year exceeds expenditure incurred. This is as expected due to the ongoing receipt of rental income each month whilst costs are incurred at a slower pace.

8. Other Income and Expenditure includes interest payable and receivable, income and expenditure from trading operations (car parking, investment property and building services) and income received through council tax, non domestic rates and government grants. At this stage net income from trading services is in line with the full year budget whilst income from council tax, non domestic rates and government grants is ahead of budget largely due to the phasing of government grants.

The Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement incorporates the statutory accounting adjustments to provide the cost of providing services in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) details of which are provided below.

The Balance Sheet is presented on an IFRS basis and shows the value of assets and liabilities recognised by the Council which are matched by reserves held. Notes on the amounts contained within the Balance Sheet are provided below.

2017/18 Projected Financial Position

• General Fund Revenue

Appendix 2 shows that a small overspend position of £1.1m against budget is currently forecast for the year, equating to 0.3% of the total net expenditure budgets. This is in the context of a number of identified cost and/or demand pressures on services which require to be addressed during the remainder of the year. A short life working group has carried out a strategic review of spend across a range of council wide areas including procurement, workforce, technology and service specific area's where there has been historic or current budget pressures, taking into consideration trends and benchmarking data where possible to inform options going forward. Initial work carried out by the group indicates that whilst there are challenges ahead, £5.8m of areas of spend restraint are under consideration to address these which coupled with general restraint on spend means a balanced position can be achieved. Of that total, £1.5m has been agreed by services and are included in the reported Q2 forecast out-turn position. These options will continue to be considered over the remainder of the financial year. Further work is being undertaken by the group to explore cost drivers for high risk budgets and provide analysis and insight to support the 2018/19 budget process. Controls and process improvements are planned for introduction during 2017/18 including No PO, No Pay and additional controls on Establishment spending. Where appropriate, proposed options will be taken through the proper governance process including consultation with Elected Members and reporting to committee for formal decisions as necessary. Further information on the pressure areas is contained within Appendix 2.

Housing Revenue Account

Appendix 2 shows that a balanced position against budget is forecast for the year with no major variances identified.

General Fund Capital

Appendix 2 provides an update on the capital programme for financial year 2017/18. This now includes key project indicators as well as financial details. Project managers have continued to refine projects' financial profiles throughout Quarter 2 which has resulted in a net decrease of £0.247 million in the forecast outturns for 2017/18. There is no impact on overall project costs across the approved 5 year capital programme as a result of this re-profiling.

One project has been added to the capital programme during Quarter 2; the first phase of the Transportation Links to Bay of Nigg project as approved and fully funded by the City Region Deal

Two projects have been identified which should be brought to an early close:

- The Flood Prevention Measures: Inchgarth Road project was reported to Communities Housing and Infrastructure committee on 29 August 2017. The report indicated that the project did not justify civil engineering works and it was agreed that outcomes could be delivered within other existing intitaives and budgets. As a result, this project can be withdrawn from the capital programme.
- The Council approved the creation of the new Transformation Fund at its meeting of 23 August 2017. The Strategic Transformation Committee on 4 October 2017 subsequently approved adoption of the new Digital strategy, which supersedes the capital project "Technology Investment Requirements and Digital Strategy" and its associated capital funding. This project can now be brought to an early close as the continuing and new digital initiatives will be funded by the Tranformation Fund.

The Audit, Risk & Scrutiny Committee on 27 June 2017 considered a report "Review of the Capital Programme Governance" which highlighted a number of changes and actions required to enhance governance which requires suitable resources to be

in place including a requirement for specific project management expertise and similar resources to supplement internal resources. Training for programme sponsors, programme managers and project managers is now substantially complete.

The capital programme is funded through a number of project specific grants and contributions, general government grant, capital receipts and borrowing.

Housing Capital

Appendix 2 shows that the forecast outturn is on budget with work ongoing to ensure that expenditure remains within the funded programme as set by Council in February 2017.

Common Good

Appendix 2 provides the budget and current forecast outturn. A number of funding requests have come forward as follows:

- Aberdeen Street Pastors a contribution of £4,875 is requested for operating the Safe Space Vehicle, training and uniforms for volunteers:
- Friends of Victoria & Westburn Park a contribution of £7,000 is requested to fund a study on works required to the Victoria Park fountain;
- Music Hall a contribution £75,000 is requested to fund an external deep clean of the Music Hall.

Conclusion |

This is the second quarterly financial performance report being presented to Elected Members for consideration of the financial year 2017/18. This report aims to meet the new reporting requirments from this as well as enhancing financial transparency by providing more information and by providing it in a manner consistent with the Council's Annual Accounts. As the financial year progresses, further developments will be made and reflected in the quarterly reports

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Movement in Reserves Statement

This statement shows the movement on the different reserves held by the Council analysed into usable reserves (those that can be applied to fund expenditure or reduce local taxation) and other reserves.

		Housing	Statutory and			
	General	Revenue	Other	Total Usable	Total Unusable	Total Council
	Fund	Account	Reserves	Reserves	Reserves	Reserves
	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
Balance at 31 March 2017 brought forward	(50,476)	(11,308)	(25,606)	(87,391)	(1,405,585)	(1,492,976)
Movement in Reserves during 2017/18						
Total Comprehensive Income & Expenditure	(67,058)	(26,132)	0	(93,189)	(19,405)	(112,594)
Adjustments between accounting basis & funding basis under regulations	10,141	23,393	0	33,534	(33,534)	0
Net (Increase)/Decrease before Transfers to Earmarked Reserves	(56,917)	(2,739)	0	(59,656)	(52,938)	(112,594)
Transfers to/from Earmarked Reserves	(5,039)	2,739	(5,849)	(8,150)	8,150	(0)
(Increase)/Decrease in Year	(61,956)	0	(5,849)	(67,805)	(44,789)	(112,594)
Balance at 30 September 2017	(112,432)	(11,308)	(31,455)	(155,196)	(1,450,374)	(1,605,570)

Expenditure and Funding Analysis

The Expenditure and Funding Analysis shows how the net expenditure or income is allocated for decision making purposes between the Council's services. Income and expenditure accounted for under generally accepted accounting practices is presented more fully in the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement.

	Quarter 2, 2017/18			
Services	Net Expenditure chargeable to General Fund & Housing Revenue Account	Adjustments between funding & Accounting basis	Net Expenditure in the CIES £'000	Notes
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Education & Childrens Services	115,719	(9,563)	106,156	1
Communities, Housing & Infrastructure	46,533	0	46,533	2
Integrated Joint Board/Adult Social Care	41,526	0	41,526	3
Corporate Governance	14,691	0	14,691	4
Housing Benefits	(818)	0	(818)	4
Office of the Chief Executive	2,167	0	2,167	5
Corporate & Miscellaneous	12,182	(1,693)	10,490	6
Net Cost of General Fund Services	232,001	(11,255)	220,745	
Housing Revenue Account	(2,364)	(23,539)	(25,903)	7
Net Cost of Services	229,637	(34,795)	194,842	
Other Income and Expenditure	(278,037)	(9,994)	(288,031)	8
(Surplus) or Deficit on Provision of Services	(48,401)	(44,789)	(93,189)	
Opening General Fund and HRA Balance at 31 March 2017	(61,785)			
(Surplus)/deficit on General Fund and HRA Balance in Year	(48,401)			
To/From Other Statutory Reserves	(13,555)			
Closing General Fund and HRA Balance at 30 September 2017	(123,740)			

Notes

- See page 3 for information relating to Net Expenditure chargeable to the General Fund. The £9.6m accounting adjustment
 is the removal of unitary charge costs for the 3R's schools which for accounting purposes is required to be split into its
 component parts, payment for services; repayment of capital; and financing costs.
- 2. See page 3 for information relating to Net Expenditure chargeable to the General Fund. There are no accounting adjustments relating to this service in this quarter.
- 3. See page 3 for information relating to Net Expenditure chargeable to the General Fund. There are no accounting adjustments relating to this service in this quarter.
- 4. See page 3 for information relating to Net Expenditure chargeable to the General Fund. There are no accounting adjustments relating to this service in this quarter.
- 5. See page 3 for information relating to Net Expenditure chargeable to the General Fund. There are no accounting adjustments relating to this service in this quarter.
- 6. See page 3 for information relating to Net Expenditure chargeable to the General Fund. The £1.6m accounting adjustment is the reversal of contributions from revenue to fund capital expenditure which for accounting purposes is required to be charged to the Council's capital account.

- 7. See page 3 for information relating to Net Expenditure chargeable to the Housing Revenue Account. The £23.5m adjustment is the reversal of contributions from revenue to fund capital expenditure which for accounting purposes is required to be charged to the Council's capital account.
- 8. See page 4 for information relating to Net Expenditure chargeable to the General Fund. The £9.9m adjustment comprises two elements:
 - £6.9m is the element of reallocation of the 3R's unitary charge as per note 1 above which relates to financing costs which flows into the Financing and Investment Income and Expenditure line in the CIES below; and
 - £16.9m is the allocation of capital grant income which flows into the Taxation and Non Specific Grant Income line in the CIES below.

Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement

This statement shows the accounting cost in the year of providing services in accordance with Internation Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

	Quarter 2, 2017/18			
Services	Gross Expenditure	Gross Income	Net Expenditure	Notes
	£'000	£'000	£'000	
Education & Childrens Services	111,931	(5,775)	106,156	
Communities, Housing & Infrastructure	73,186	(26,653)	46,533	
Integrated Joint Board/Social Work	65,790	(24,263)	41,527	
Corporate Governance	19,901	(5,210)	14,691	
Housing Benefits	27,479	(28,297)	(818)	
Corporate & Miscellaneous	10,629	(139)	10,490	
Office of the Chief Executive	2,885	(718)	2,167	
Cost of General Fund Services	311,801	(91,055)	220,746	
Housing Revenue Account	23,672	(49,575)	(25,903)	
Cost of Services	335,473	(140,630)	194,843	
Other Operating Expenditure			0	1
Financing and Investment Income and Expenditure	28,449	(20,603)	7,846	2
Taxation and Non Specific Grant Income	0	(295,878)	(295,878)	
(Surplus) or Deficit on Provision of Services	363,922	(457,111)	(93,189)	
(Surplus)/deficit on revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment assets			0	3
Impairment losses on non current assets charged to the Revaluation Reserve			0	3
(Surplus)/deficit on revaluation of available for sale financial assets			0	3
Actuarial (gains)/losses on pension losses/liabilities			0	3
Other (gains)/losses			(19,405)	3
Other Comprehensive Income and Expenditure			(19,405)	
Total Comprehensive Income and Expenditure			(112,594)	

Notes

- 1. This line will be used to reflect gains or losses on the disposal of assets which take place during the year.
- 2. This largely reflects interest payable and receivable.
- 3. These lines are predominantly used for statutory adjustments.

Balance Sheet

The Balance Sheet shows the value of the assets and liabilities recognised by the Council. The net assets of the Council are matched by the reserves held by the Council.

31 March 2017		30 September 2017	Note
£'000		£'000	
2,238,305	Property, Plant & Equipment	2,340,367	1
172,756	Heritage Assets	172,756	1
85,335	Investment Property	85,335	1
18,656	Long Term Investments	18,656	2
7,311	Long Term Debtors	7,503	3
2,522,363	Long Term Assets	2,624,617	
181,145	Cash and Cash Equivalents	120,912	4
141,227	Short Term Investments	122,696	5
78,679	Short Term Debtors	76,222	6
1,645	Inventories	8,581	7
5,382	Assets Held for Sale	5,382	8
408,078	Current Assets	333,793	
(81,351)	Short Term Borrowing	(29,968)	9
(90,364)	Short Term Creditors	(57,963)	10
(4,233)	Short Term Provisions	(4,372)	11
(2,611)	PPP Short Term Liabilities	(3,222)	12
(5,515)	Accumulated Absences Account	(5,515)	13
(473)	Grants Receipts in Advance - Revenue	(221)	14
(518)	Grants Receipts in Advance - Capital	(6,700)	14
(185,065)	Current Liabilities	(107,961)	
(222 27 1)			
(900,874)	Long Term Borrowing	(897,253)	15
(108)	Long Term Creditors	(108)	16
(679)	Long Term Provisions	(07.754)	11
(100,973)	PPP Long Term Liabilities	(97,751)	12
(249,767) (1,252,401)	Pension Liabilities Long Term Liabilities	(249,767) (1,244,879)	17
(1,232,401)	Long Term Liabilities	(1,244,079)	
1,492,975	Net Assets	1,605,570	
	Usable Reserves:		
(50,476)	General Fund Balance	(112,432)	18
(11,308)	Housing Revenue Account	(11,308)	18
(25,606)	Statutory and Other Reserves	(31,455)	18
(1,405,585)	Unusable Reserves	(1,450,375)	19

Balance Sheet Notes

- Depreciation is calculated annually and therefore no depreciation has been applied in Quarter 2. Capital expenditure to
 the end of Quarter 2 totaling £102.061m has been applied to Property, Plant & Equipment (this includes £82.42m of
 general fund expenditure and £19.641m of HRA expenditure). Disposals, relvaluations and transfers have not been
 accounted for in Quarter 2.
- 2. Long Term Investments comprises the council's interest in Aberdeen Sports Villiage and the Integration Joint Board. These will be revalued and updated in Quarter 4.
- 3. Long term debtors reflects the movement based on transactions for the period.
- 4. Cash and cash equivalents have been adjusted for short term investments of £110.104m (those investments classed as cash equivalents because they can be called up at short notice i.e. 0 to 30 days) and developers contributions of £18.394m. See the cash flow statement for an analysis of how this is used.
- 5. Short term investments have been adjusted as described in note 4.
- 6. Short term debtors reflects the movement based on transactions for the period.
- Inventories are adjusted at year end for inter-related balances. This adjustment has not been made in Quarter 2 but will be included in future quarters.
- Assets held for sale will be reviewed in Quarter 4.
- Short term borrowing reflects the current position based on transactions for the period.
- 10. Short term creditors reflects the current position based on transactions for the period.
- 11. Short term provisions reflects the current position with no adjustment to split this total into long and short term provisions. This split will be reflected in future quarters.
- 12. PPP short term liabilities has been adjusted to reflect the outstanding position at March 2018.
- 13. The accumulated absences account is reviewed annually and will therefore be updated in Quarter 4.
- 14. The grants received in advance totals reflect the position at the end of Quarter 2.
- Long term borrowing reflects the current position based on transactions for the period.
- 16. Long term creditors reflects the current position based on transactions for the period.
- 17. Pension liabilities are reviewed annually and will therefore be updated in Quarter 4.
- 18. Usable reserves reflects the current position based on the transactions for the period.
- 19. Unusable reserves have been for statutory accounting adjustments as detailed above.

Contingent Liabilities

In addition to amounts recognised on the Balance Sheet, the Council was aware of the following contingent liabilities at 31 March 2017 and formally recognised within the 2016/17 Annual Accounts:

Aberdeen Science Centre (formerly Satrosphere)

The Council has agreed to provide a guarantee to the Bank of Scotland for the sum of £128,923 in support of an overdraft facility and card transactions until 31 March 2018.

Transition Extreme Sports Ltd

The Council has agreed to provide a guarantee to the Bank of Scotland in respect of a loan of £37,139 and a maximum overdraft facility of £250,000 as well as a guarantee of £237,215 to Social Investment Scotland in respect of an 11 year loan which is due to be repaid by June 2025.

Landfill Sites

The Council is responsible under environmental legislation for the ongoing monitoring, maintenance and ultimately capping and re-instatement of 3 closed landfill sites. The costs associated with two of these sites, Ness and Hill of Tramaud, have been accounted for through a mix of revenue and capital funding.

The third site at Mill of Dyce was previously operated by the Council under a lease. The Council purchased the site in 2012/13, and following an assessment of the environmental monitoring and reinstatement requirements works were carried out in 2014. The works are now complete with no further activity planned for the site.

Waste Disposal

The Council has a long term contract with an external contractor for the disposal of all relevant waste arising in the City and the operation and maintenance of waste transfer stations, recycling facilities and landfill sites. The contract commenced in September 2000 and is due to run for 25 years.

o Landfill Allowance Scheme (LAS)

The Scottish Government had previously introduced a scheme under which Local Authorities were to be penalised for exceeding landfill tonnage targets. The penalties have never been imposed and it is expected that the regulations will be repealed in due course. However, until such a repeal is formalised there remains a potential liability on the Council.

External Organisations - Guarantor in relation to North East Scotland Pension Fund (NESPF)

As the administering authority, the Council may admit a body to the Pension Fund as an 'admitted body' provided (i) the organisation can confirm they have sufficient links with a Scheme employer for the body and the Scheme employer to be regarded as having a community of interest; and (ii) the Scheme employer is prepared to act as guarantor in the event the admitted body should cease to exist. If this situation was to occur and staff made redundant the staff over 50 years old would become entitled to immediate payment of their pension benefits. The Council has agreed a number of such guarantees to organisations that include Aberdeen Sports Village, Sport Aberdeen, Aberdeen Performing Arts, Aberdeen International Youth Festival, Aberdeen Heat and Power, Bon Accord Support Services and Bon Accord Care Ltd. The potential values guaranteed are subject to a range of actuarial assumptions.

Sport Aberdeen

The Council agreed to provide a bank guarantee to Sport Aberdeen to a maximum of £5 million over a 5 year period for investment in Council leisure facilities, as approved at the 7 June 2016 Finance, Policy and Resources Committee. There is currently a guarantee being drawn up for an RCF facility for £1.4 million for Sport Aberdeen.

SEEMIS Group LLP

The Council has agreed to fund any additional pension liability payments arising from its membership of the SEEMIS organisation (the provider of our schools' Management Information System). To date there has been no call on the guarantee.

Scottish Child Abuse Enquiry

The Scottish Child Abuse Enquiry is a national enquiry which was set up on 1 October 2015. The Council recognises a potential liability in respect of claims from this enquiry, but is not aware of any specific claims at this time.

Cash Flow Statement

The statement shows how the Council generates and uses cash and cash equivalents by classifying cash flows as operating, investing and financing activities.

	Quarter 2
	2017/18
	£'000
Net Surplus or (Deficit) on the provision of services	93,190
Adjust net surplus or deficit on the provision of services for non cash movements	(12,278)
Adjust for items included in the net surplus or deficit on the provision of services that are investing and financing activities	(16,258)
Net cash flows from Operating Activities	64,654
Net cash flows from Investing Activities	(67,273)
Net cash flows from Financing Activities	(57,614)
Net increase or decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(60,233)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the reporting period	181,145
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the reporting period	120,912
Cash held by the Authority	47
Bank current accounts	120,865
	120,912